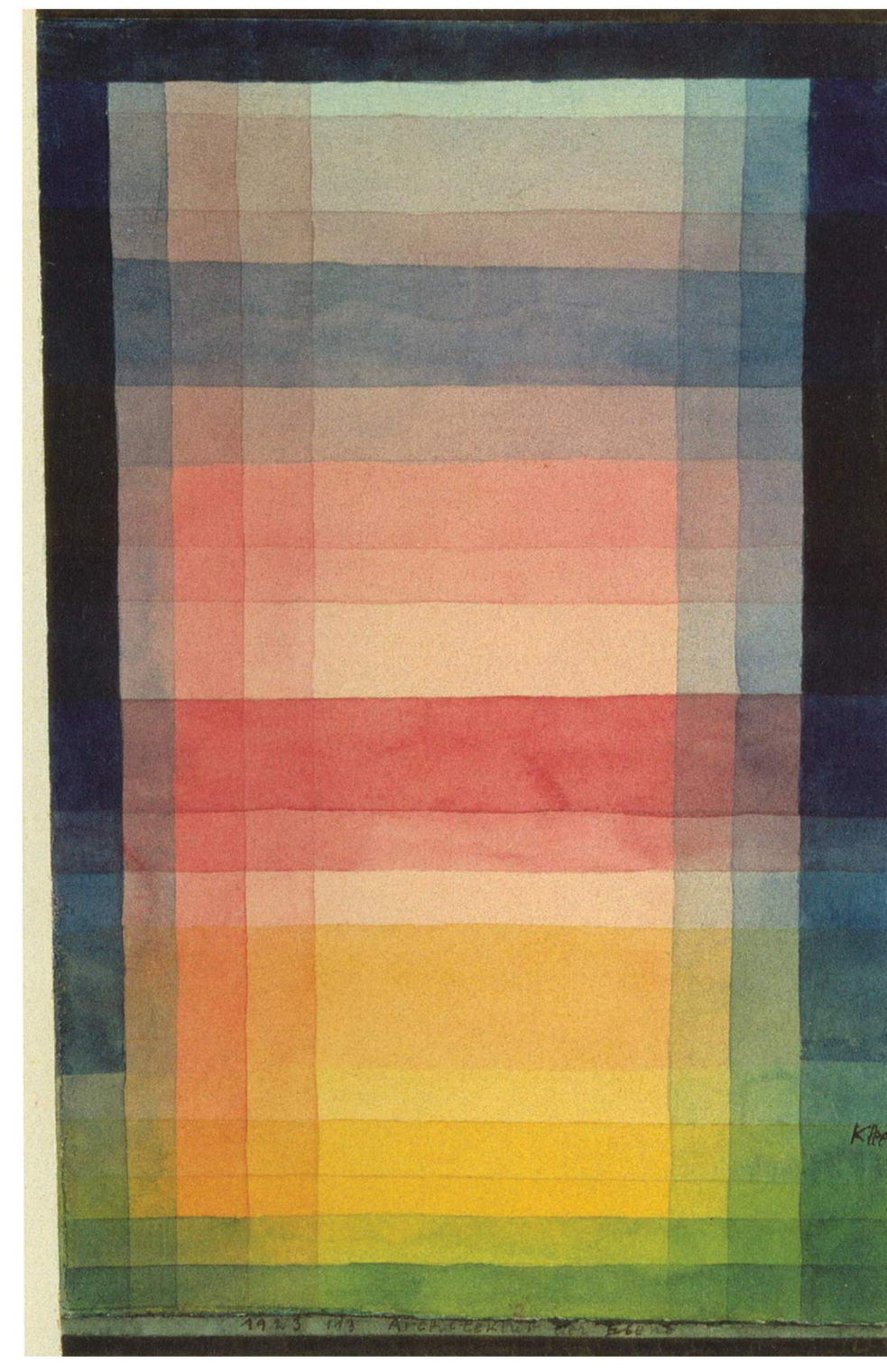
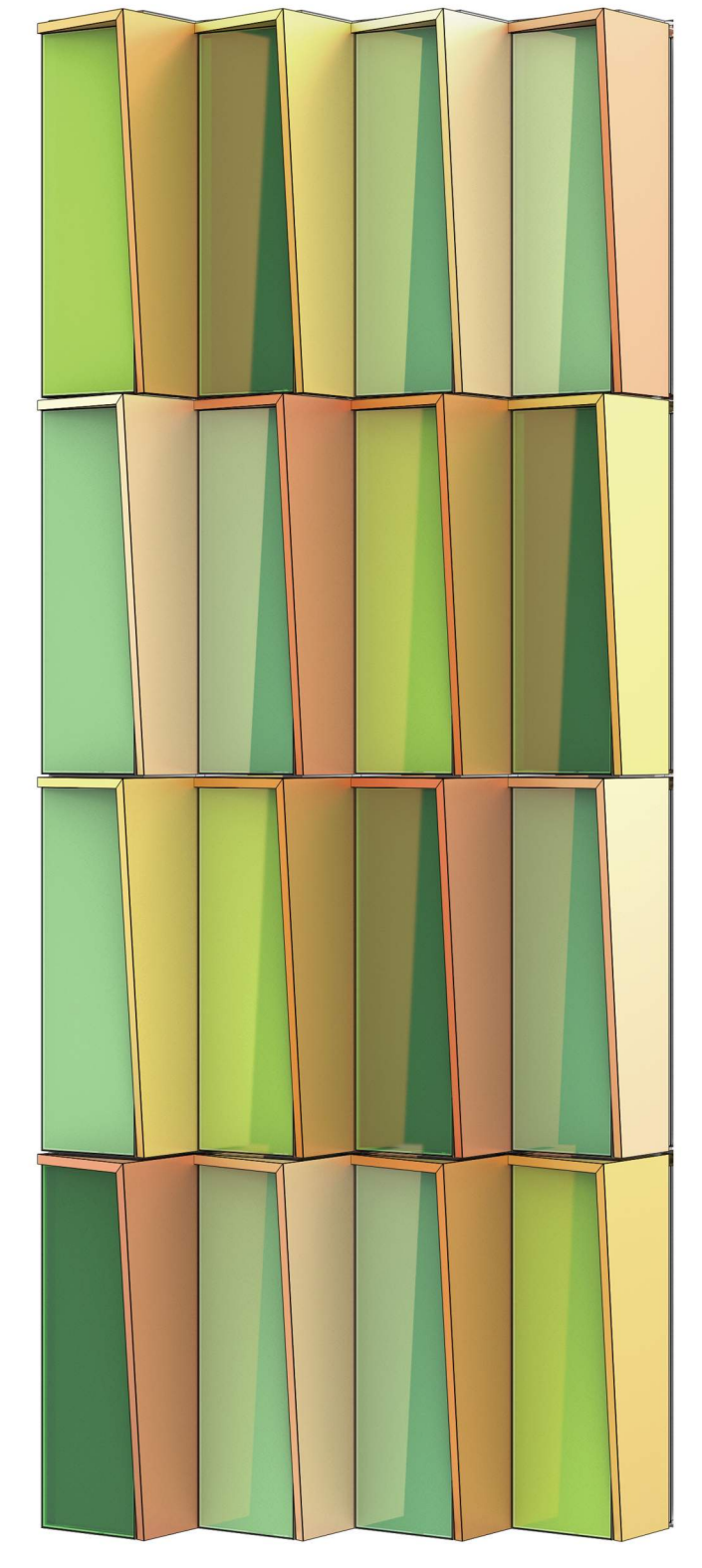


1 ROADMAP - PLAN
1/2" = 1' - 0"



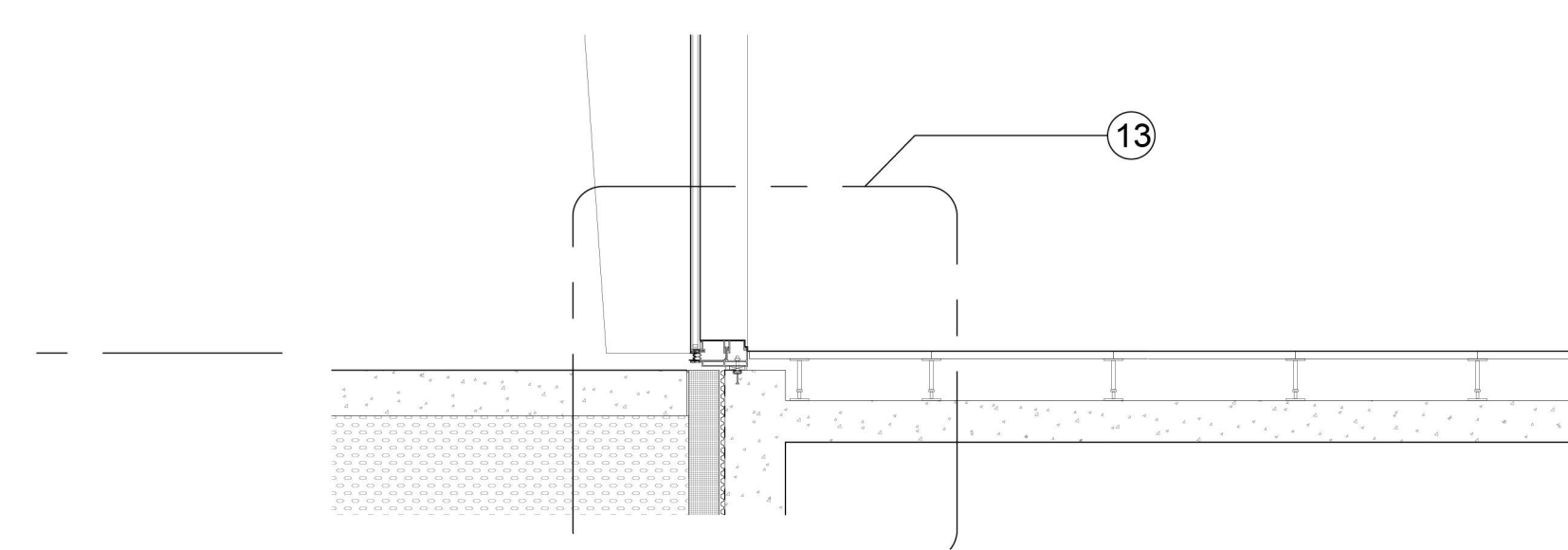
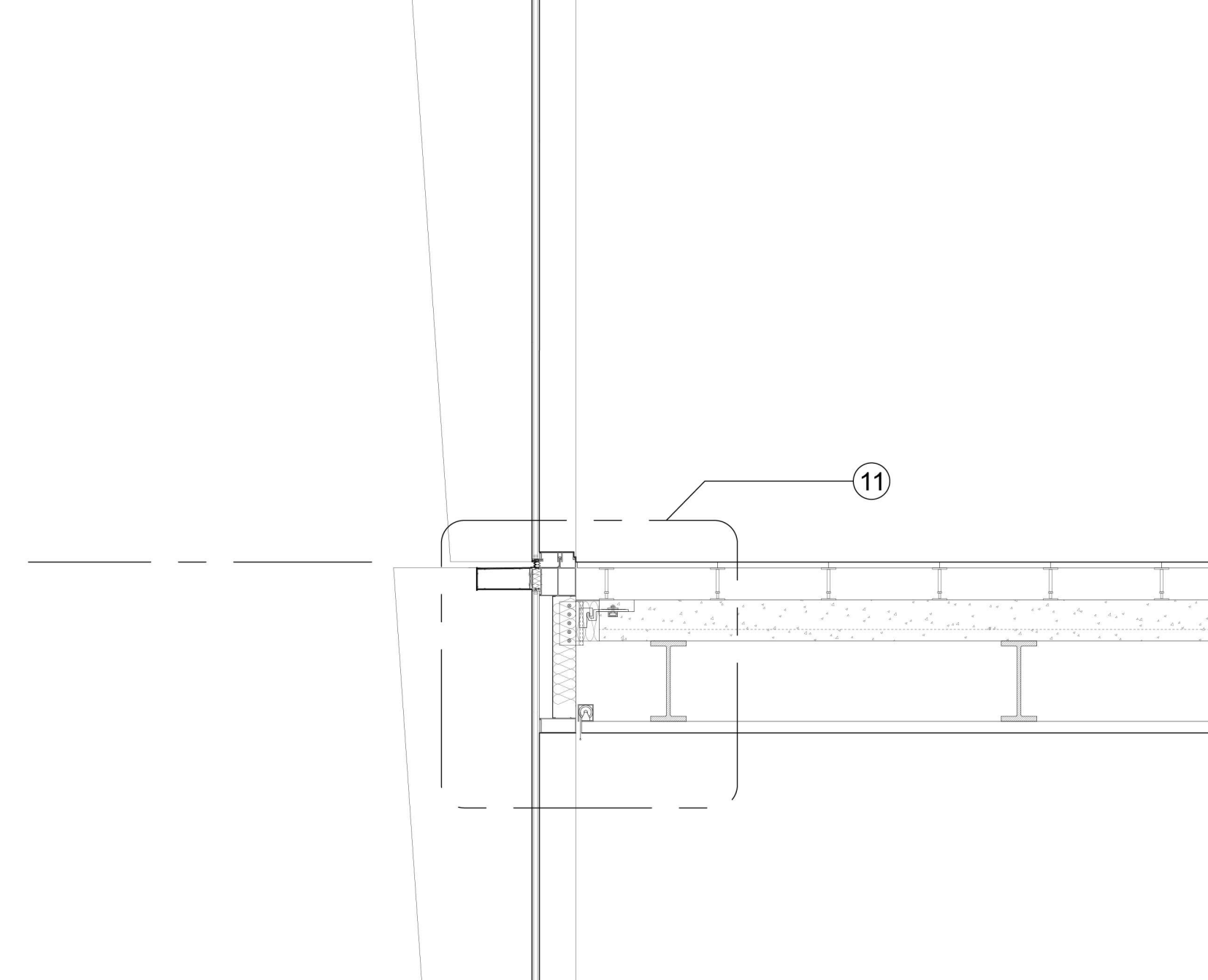
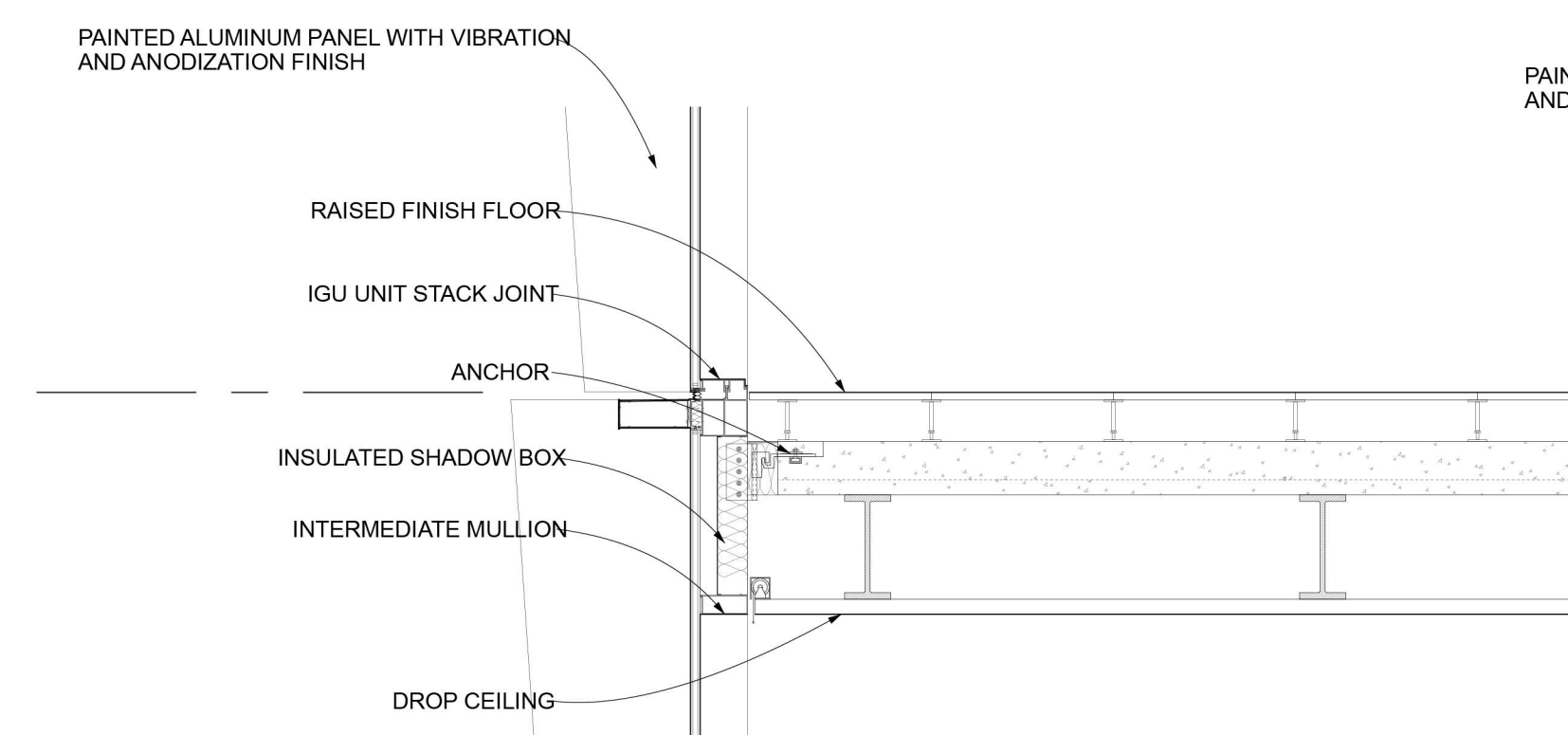
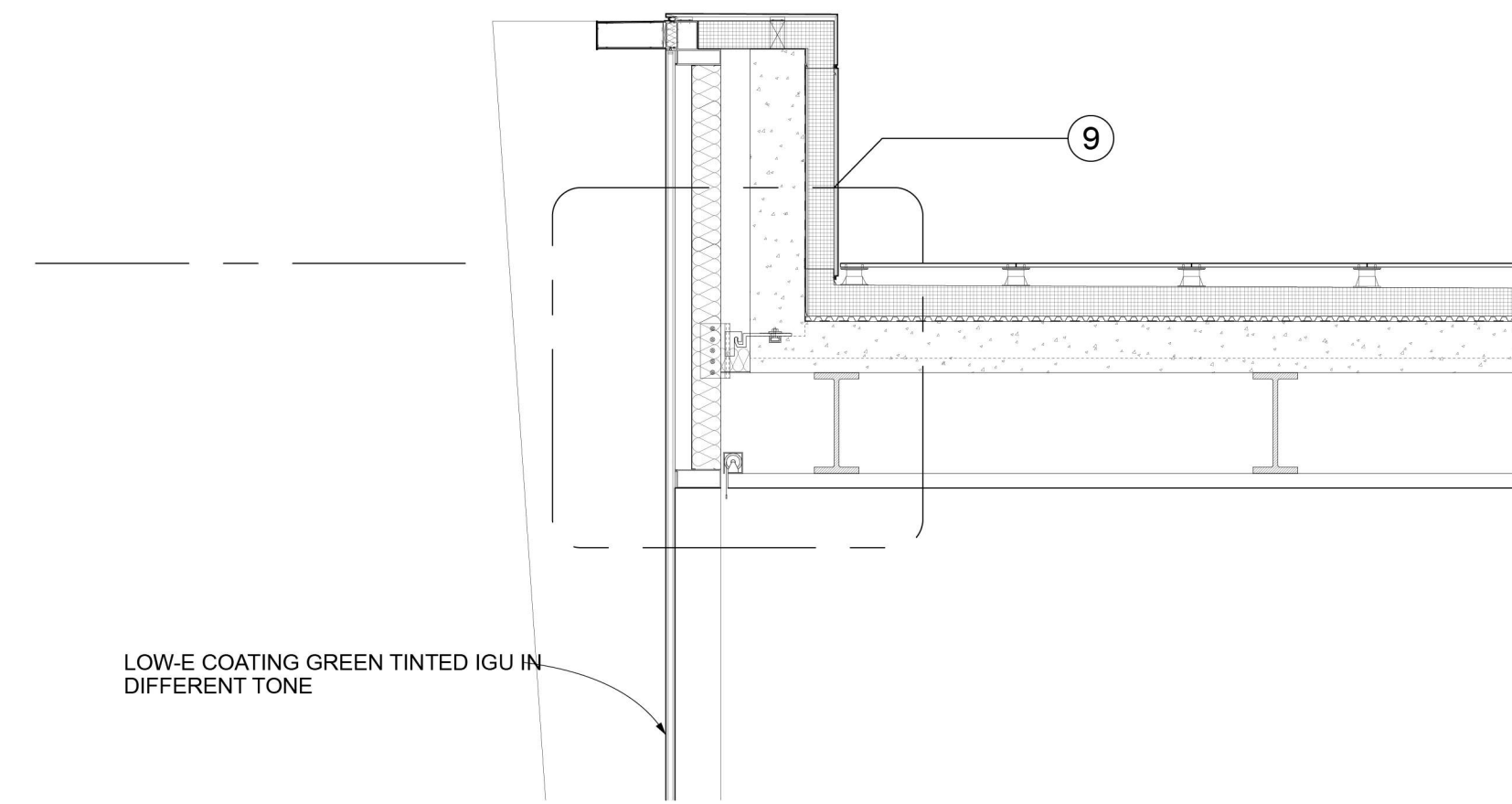
5 INSPIRATION IMAGE
NTS



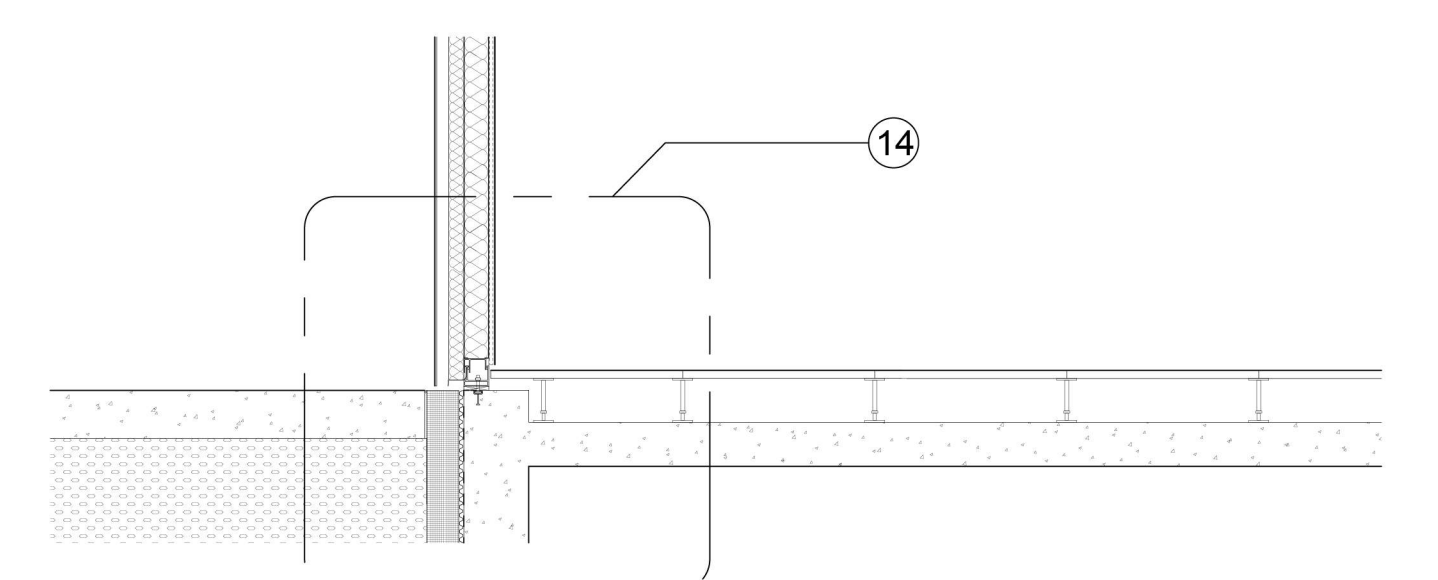
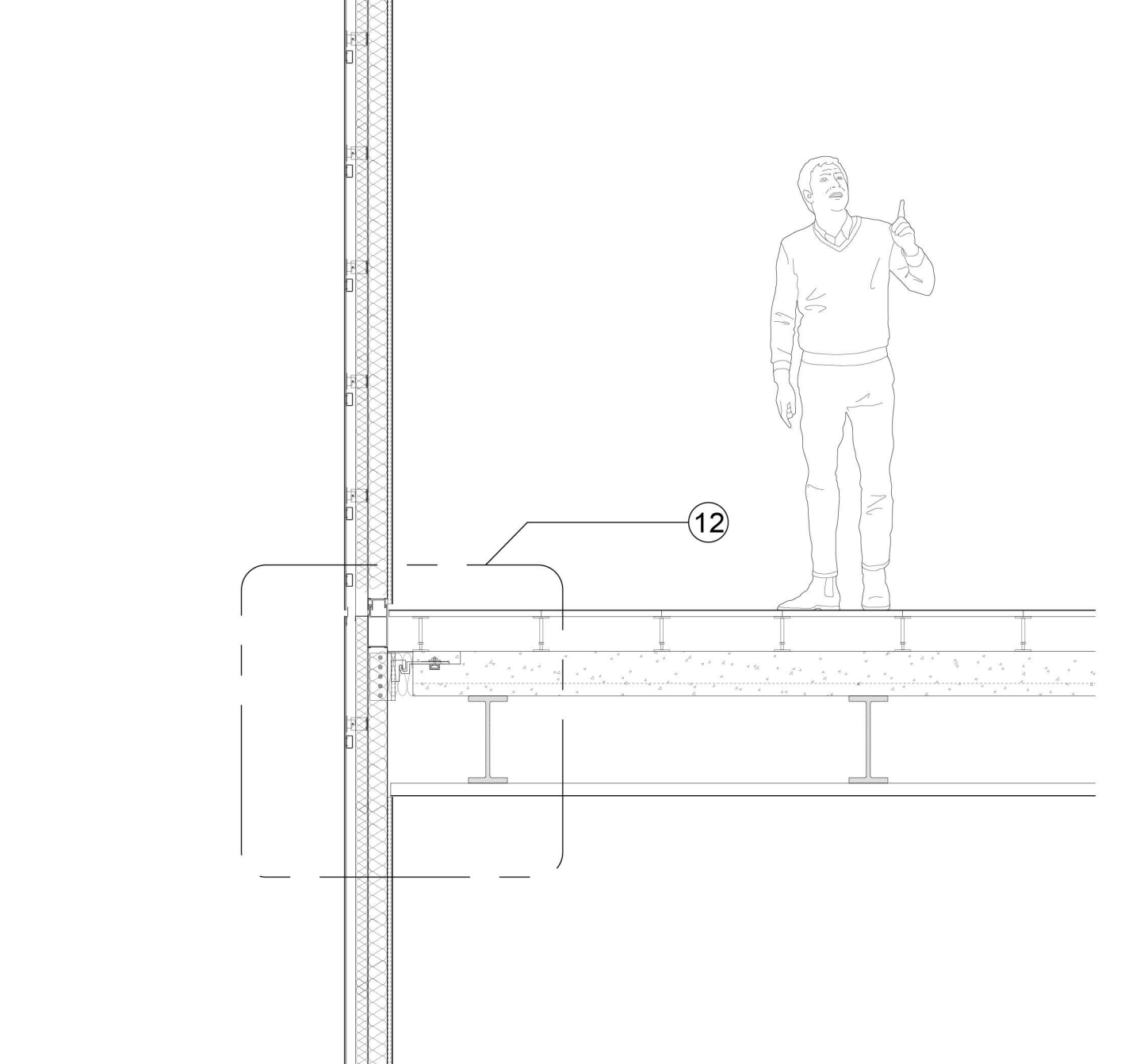
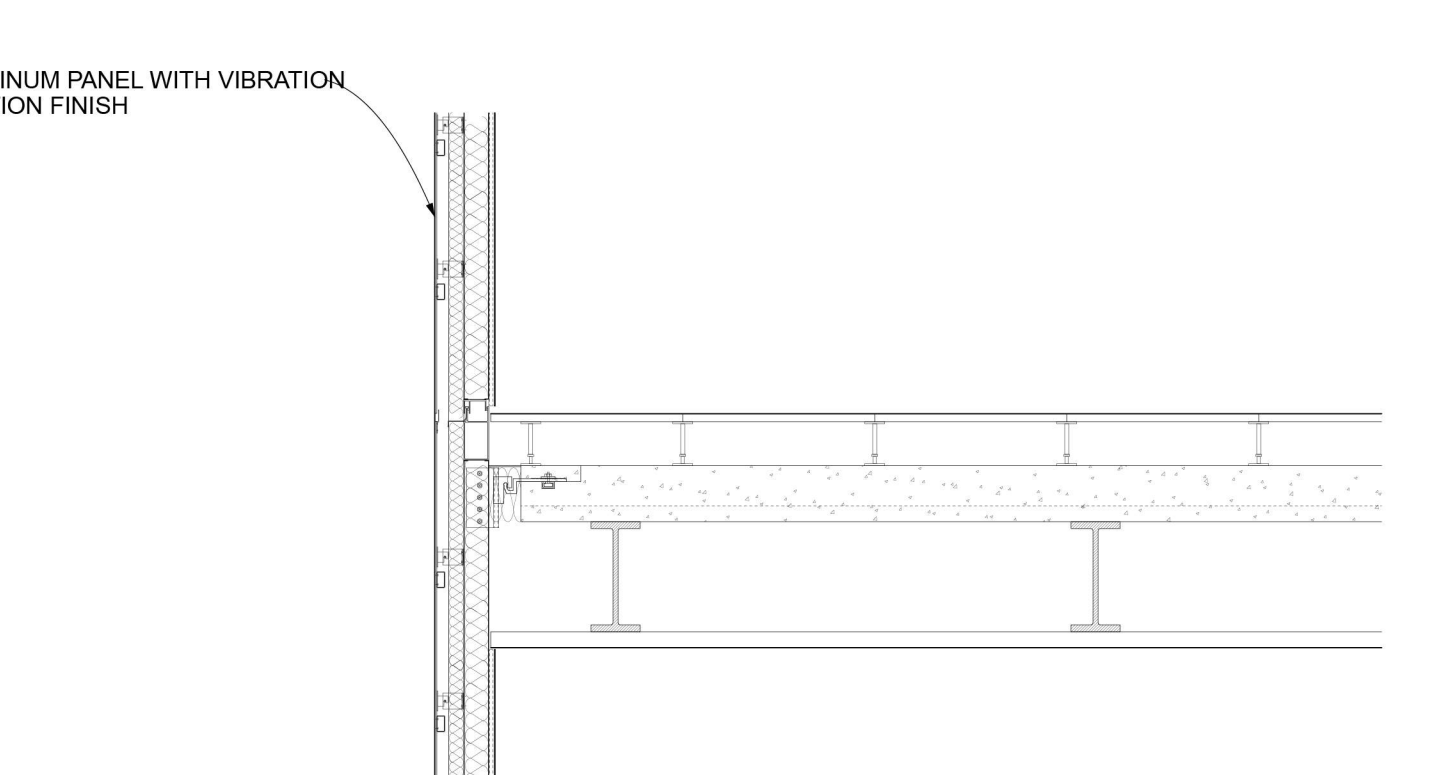
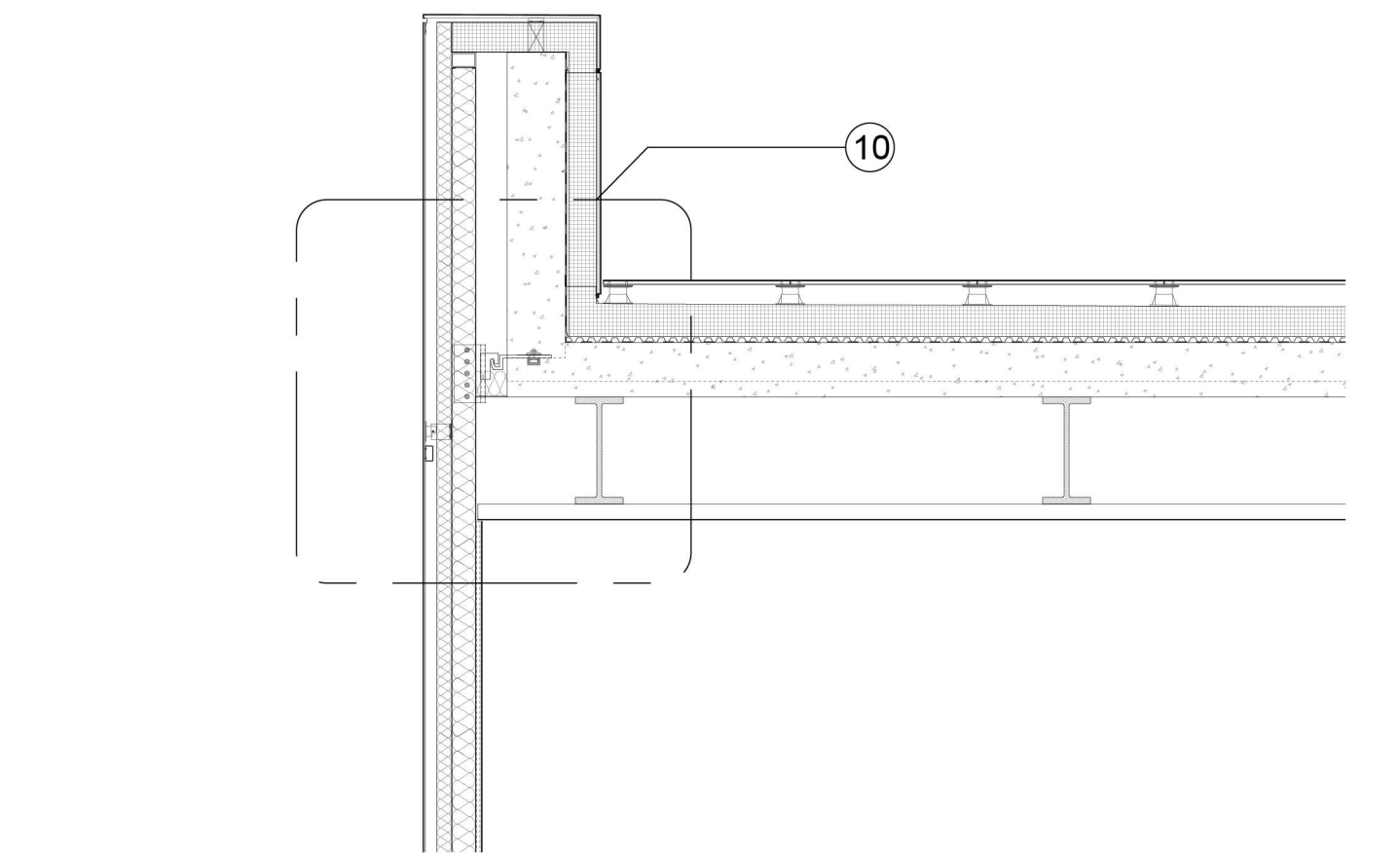
6 UNIT PROTOTYPES
NTS



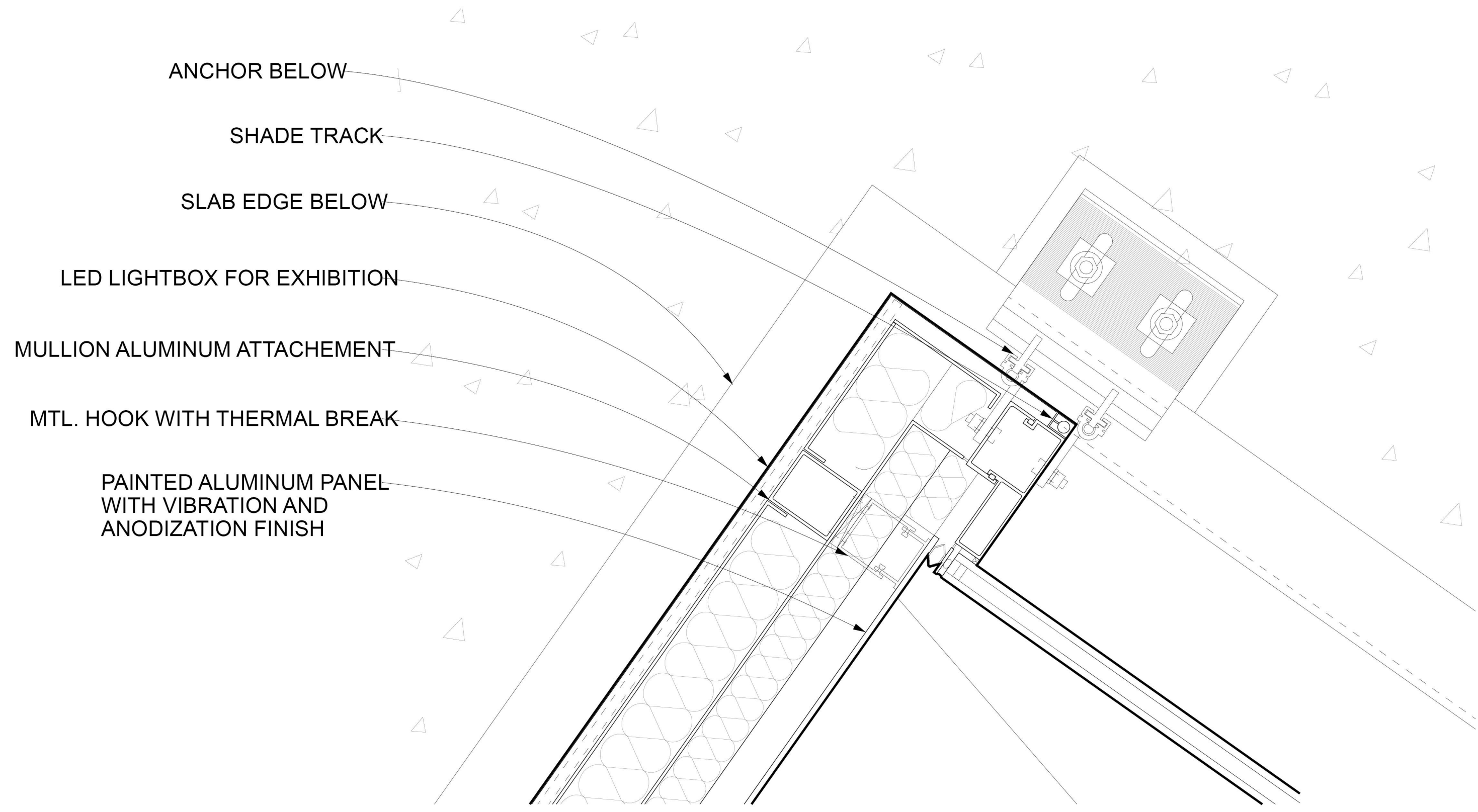
2 ROADMAP - ELEVATION
1/2" = 1' - 0"



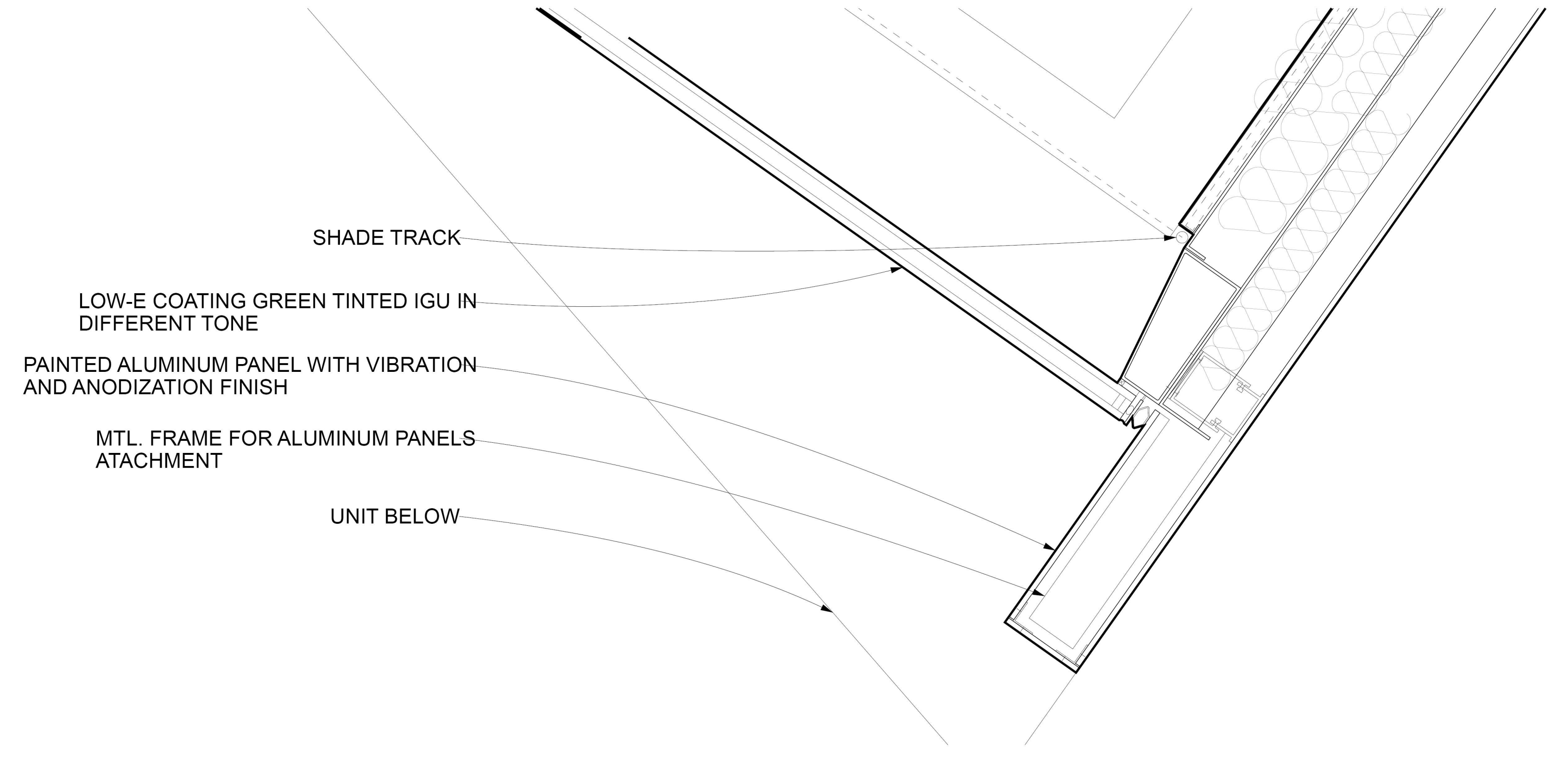
3 ROADMAP - SECTION THRU GLAZING
1/2" = 1' - 0"



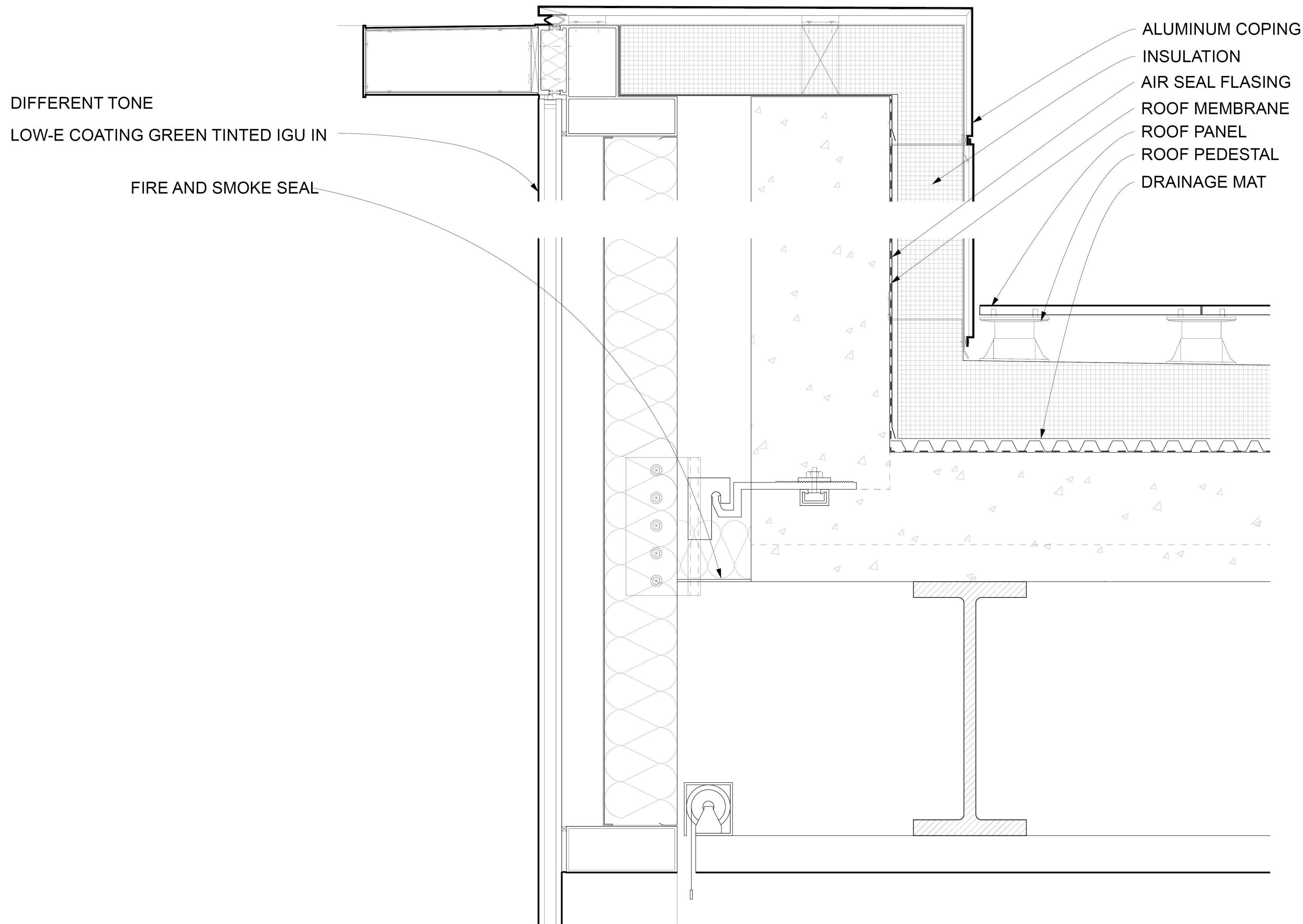
4 ROADMAP - SECTION THRU MTL. PANEL
1/2" = 1' - 0"



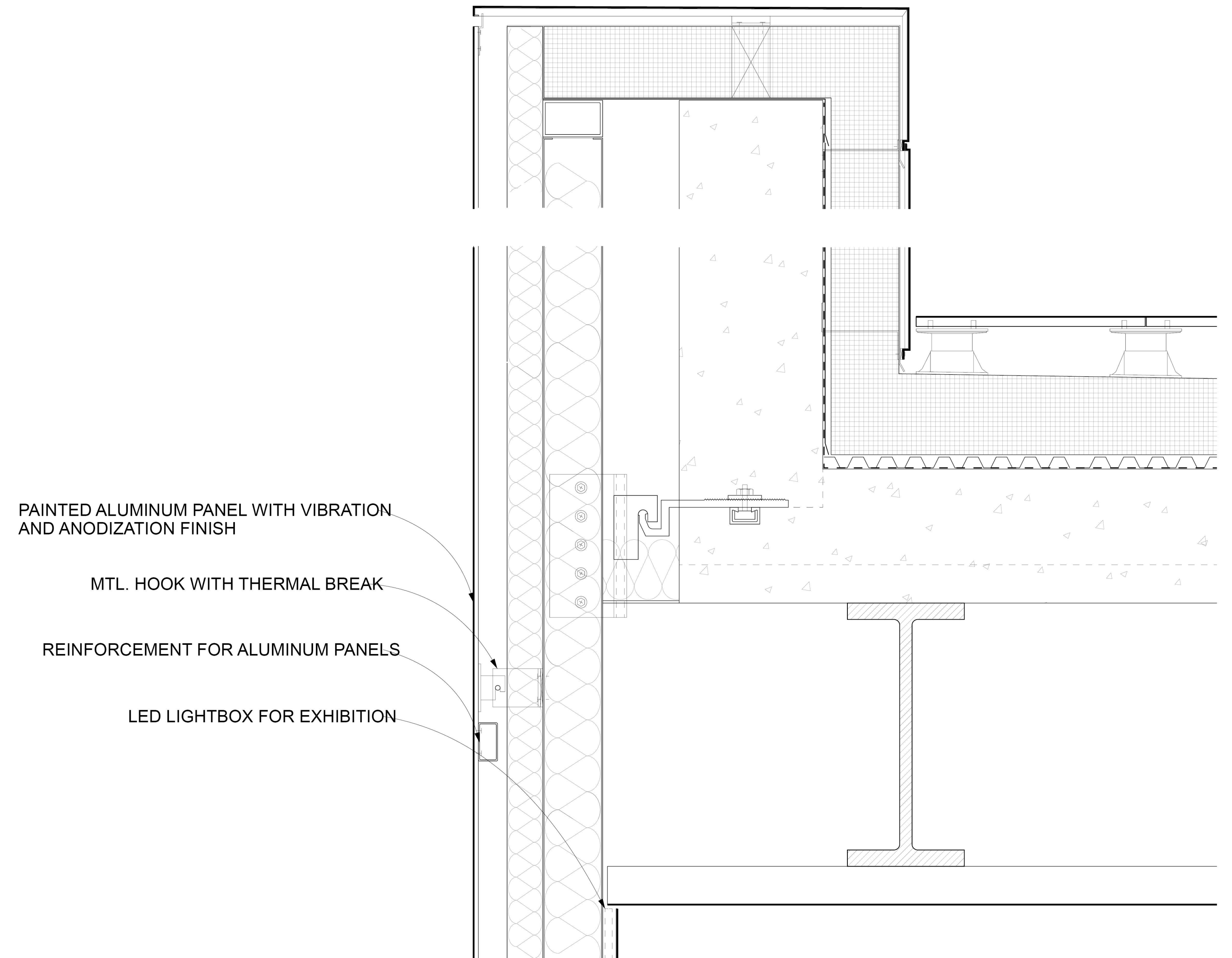
7 DETAILED PLAN AT SPLIT MULLION
3" = 1' - 0"



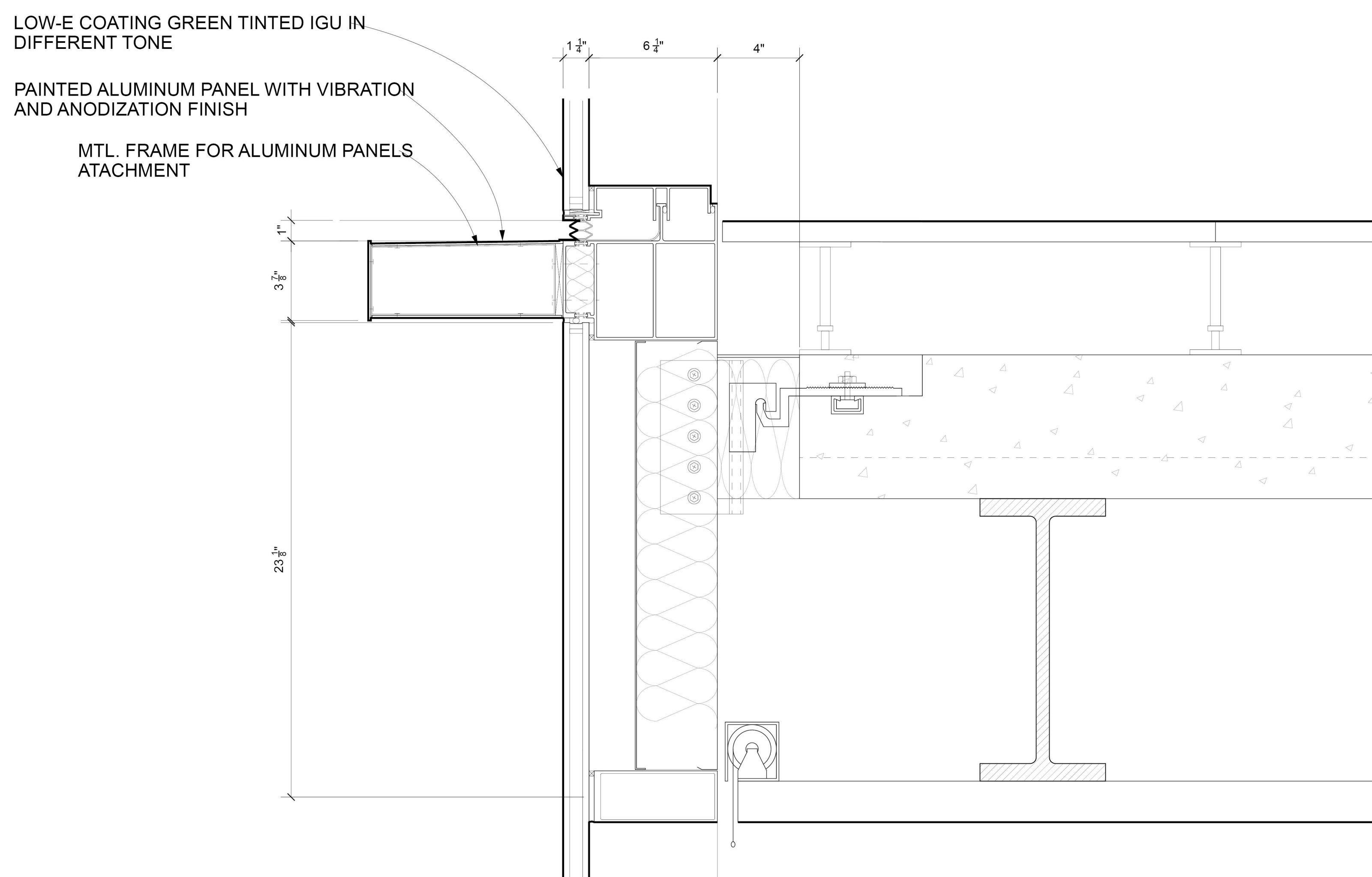
8 DETAILED PLAN AT EDGE
3" = 1' - 0"



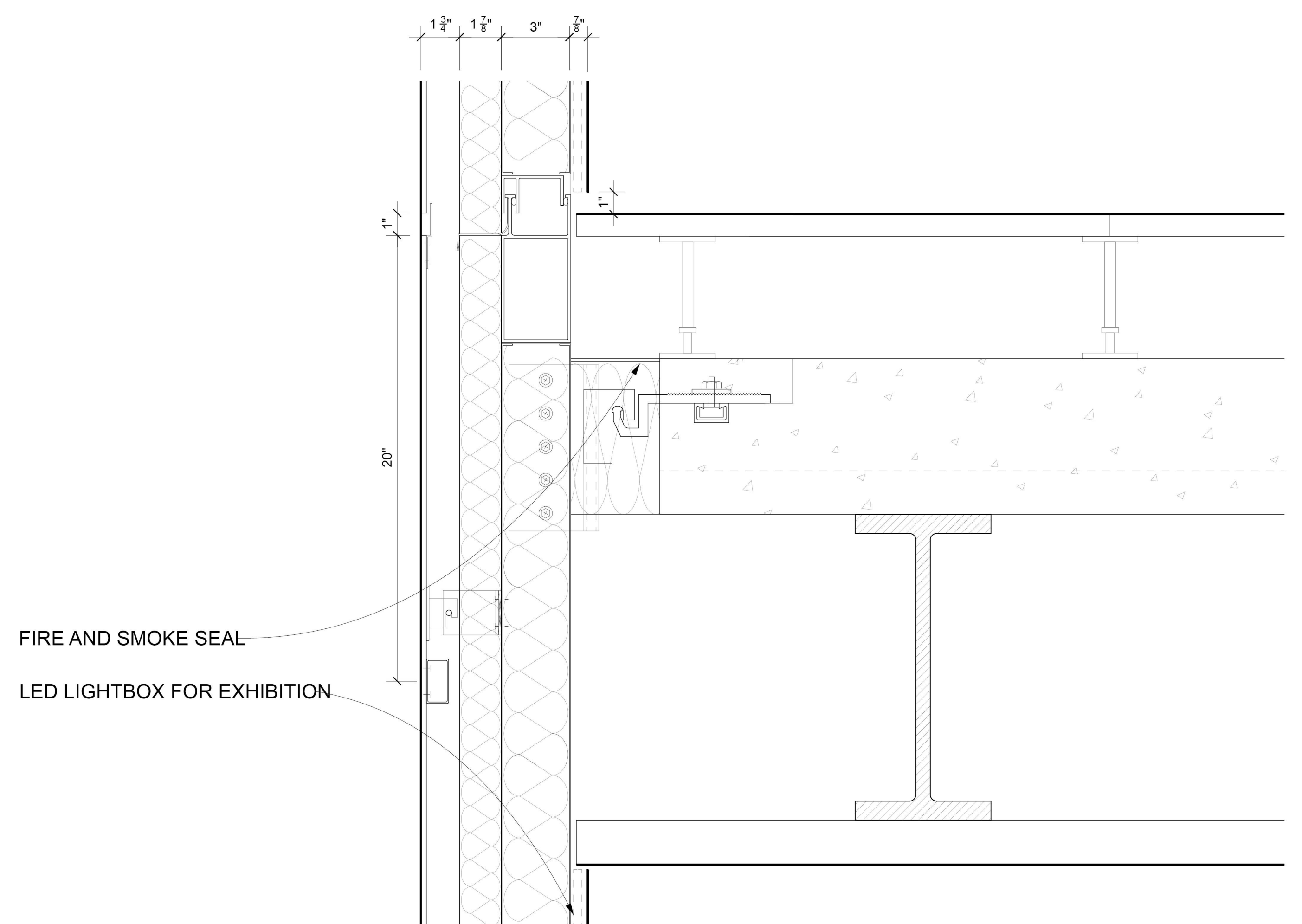
9 PARAPET SECTION DETAIL THRU GLAZING
3" = 1' - 0"



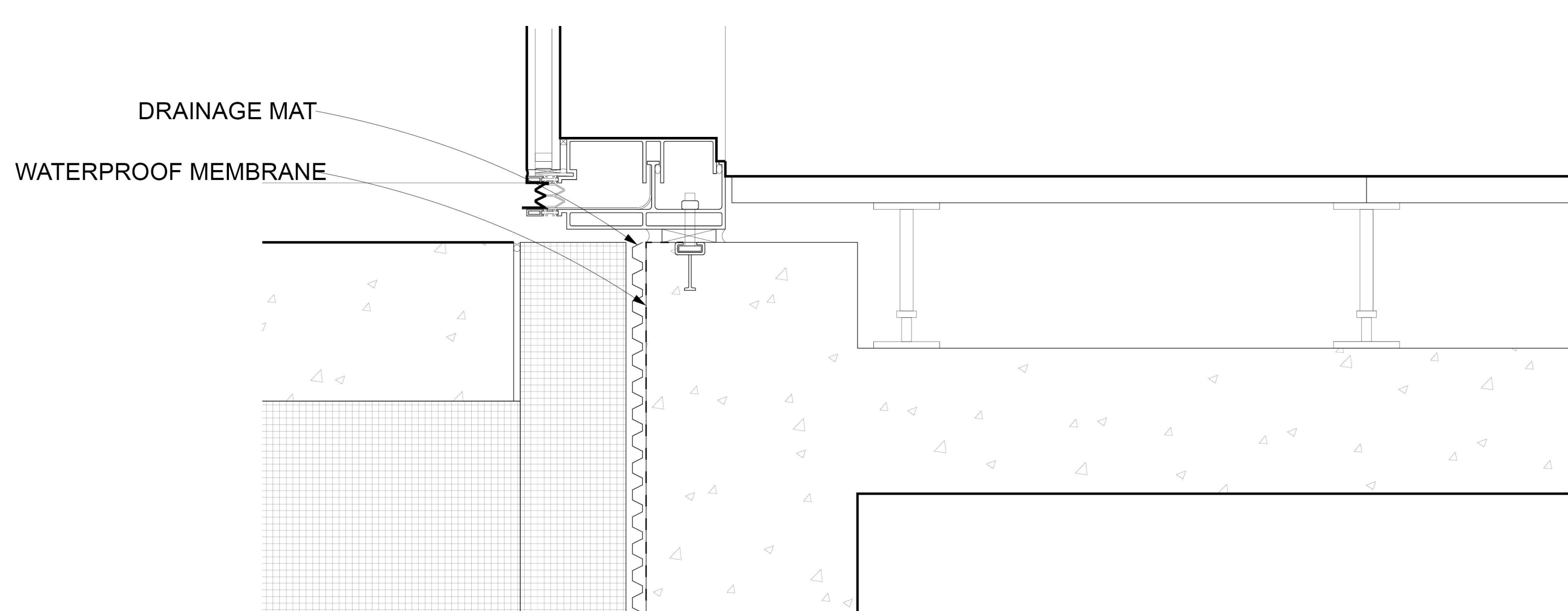
10 PARAPET SECTION DETAIL THRU MTL. PANEL
3" = 1' - 0"



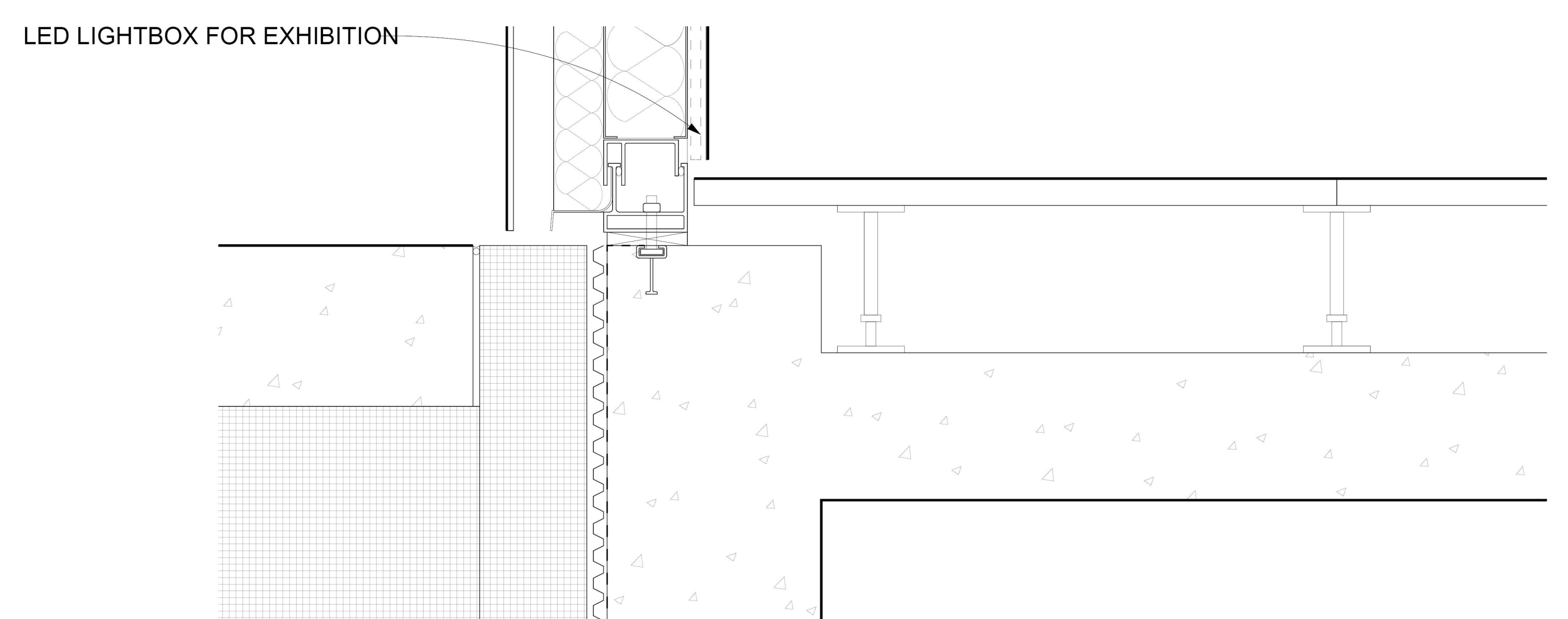
11 TYPICAL SECTION DETAIL THRU GLAZING
3" = 1' - 0"



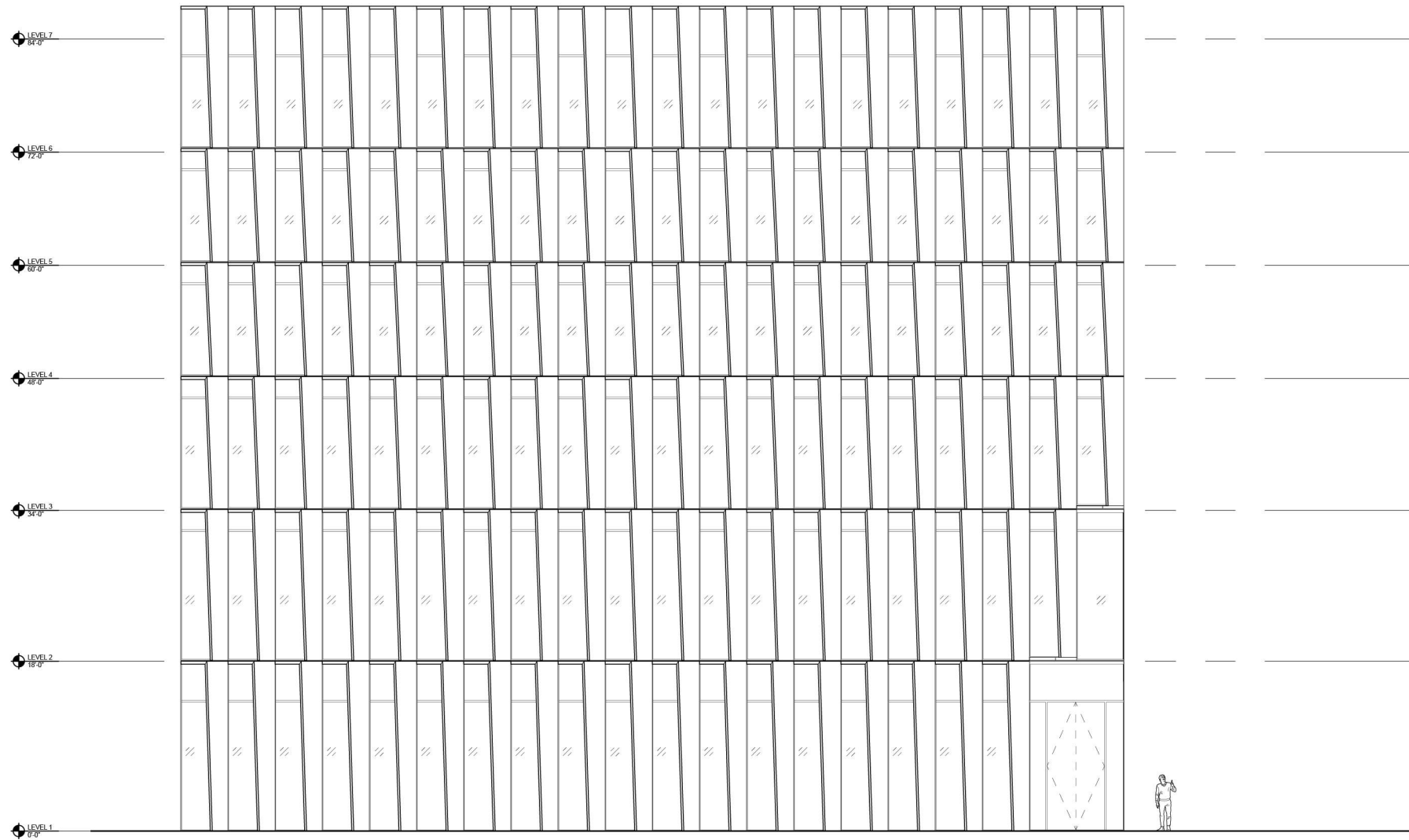
12 TYPICAL SECTION DETAIL THRU MTL. PANEL
3" = 1' - 0"



13 AT GRADE SECTION DETAIL THRU GLAZING
3" = 1' - 0"



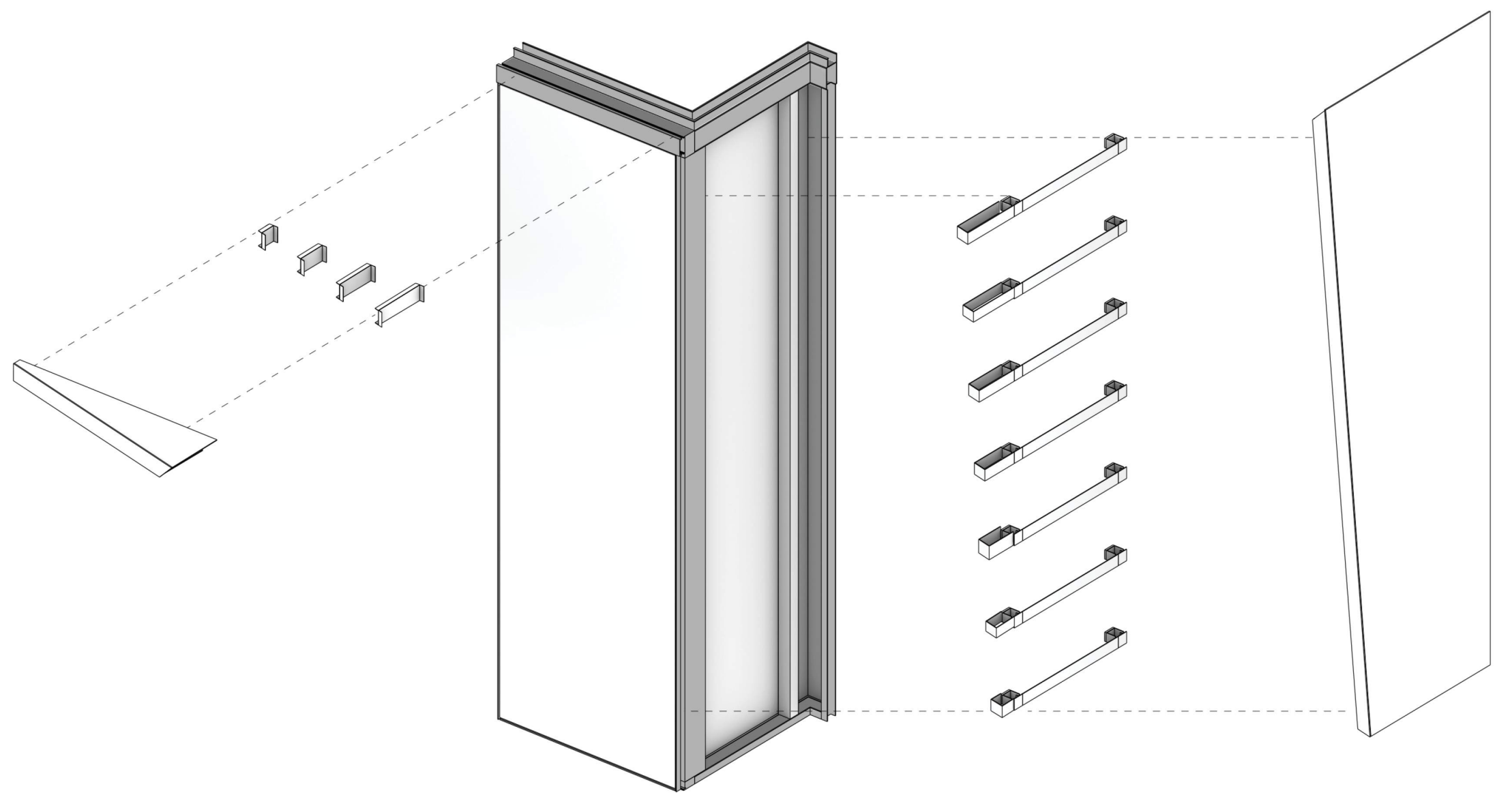
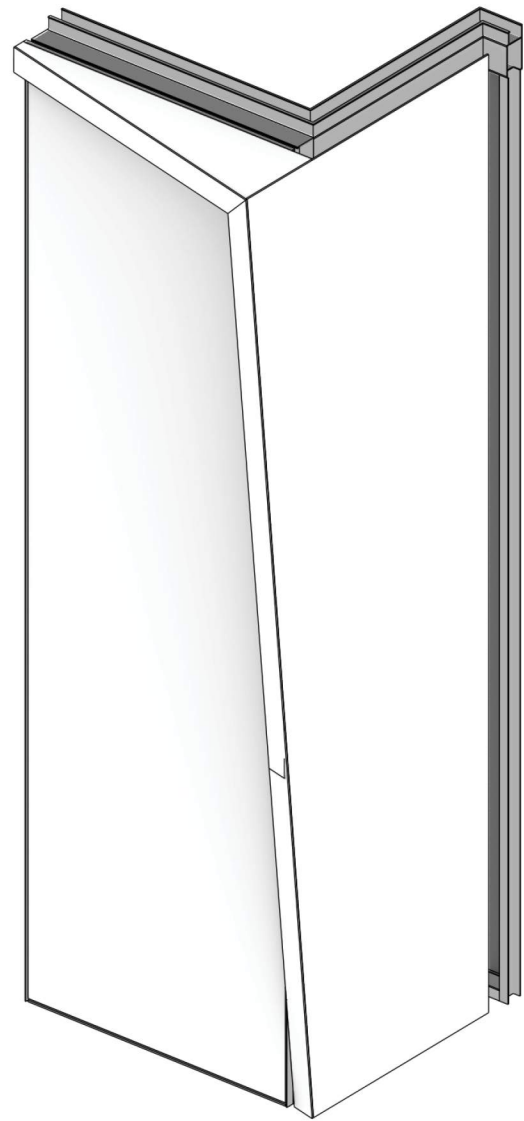
14 AT GRADE SECTION DETAIL THRU MTL. PANEL
3" = 1' - 0"



15 BUILDING ELEVATION
1/16" = 1' - 0"

16 BUILDING ELEVATION RENDERED
1/16" = 1' - 0"









ASCE 7-05 Wind Load: Components & Cladding

13-Dec-21

Project:

Prepared by: Yuchen Qiu

BUILDING INFORMATION

Notes and Assumptions

Height, h	84 ft	Mean roof height	Roof Slope = 0 degrees
Exposure Category	B	See Section 6.5.6 description	
K_z	1.01	Velocity Pressure Coefficient (Table 6-3)	
K_{zt}	1.00	Topographic Factor (Section 6.5.7 Topographic Effects)	
K_d	0.85	Wind Directionality Factor (Table 6-4)	
Enclosure Classification	Enclosed	From Figure 6-5 (Choose "Partially Enclosed" for dominant opening.)	

V (WIND SPEED) 98.00 mph From Figure 6-1 (Note: NYC specifies 98 mph.)

I (IMPORTANCE FACTOR) 1.00 From Table 6-1 (See Table 1-1 for Building Occupancy Categories.)

VELOCITY PRESSURE

$$q_h = 0.00256 K_z K_{zt} K_d (V^2) I \text{ psf}$$

$q_h = 21 \text{ psf}$

GUST EFFECT FACTOR Included in calculated GC_p and GC_{pi} below.

TRIBUTARY AREA 32 sq ft Components and Cladding: (span length) x (tributary width)
Fasteners: Area not greater than tributary area for each fastener.

NOTE: IF YOU ARE USING A LARGE TRIBUTARY AREA BECAUSE THE UNIT OR GLASS IS LARGE (≥ 100 SQ FT), CONSIDER A SMALLER TRIBUTARY AREA FOR ANCHOR DESIGN. ASK RAHED.

DESIGN WIND PRESSURE (Note: ASCE 7-05 limits net pressure or suction to minimum 10 psf. 2008 NYC code limits to 20 psf.)

	Suction	Pressure
Walls : Zone 5 (Corner)		
GC_p (Ext. pressure coeff.)	-1.00	0.60
GC_{pi} (Int. pressure coeff.)	0.18 from Fig.6-5	-0.18
$GC_p - GC_{pi} =$	-1.18	0.78
$p = qh (GC_p - GC_{pi})$		
$p =$	-25 psf	16 psf
Walls : Zone 4 (Field)		
GC_p (Ext. pressure coeff.)	-0.70	0.60
GC_{pi} (Int. pressure coeff.)	0.18 from Fig. 6-5	-0.18
$GC_p - GC_{pi} =$	-0.88	0.78
$p = qh (GC_p - GC_{pi})$		
$p =$	-19 psf	16 psf

based on Fig. 6-17
based on Fig. 6-5

based on Fig. 6-17
based on Fig. 6-5

Note: Zone 5 is 10% of least horizontal dimension or 0.4h, whichever is smaller, but not less than either 4% of least horizontal dimension or 3 ft. *
* As per AAMA TIR-A10-1997 this is defined as the shortest distance between two parallel lines which contains the entire building floor plan.

Mullion Analysis Calculation

Project:
Mullion Id:
Prepared by:

Curtain Wall\

Input correct length, width, load (w), and Modulus of Elasticity (E):

Span length (l) = 192 in
 Tributary width (w) = 24 in
 load / pressure (q) = 25.0 psf
 Modulus of Elasticity (E) = 10,000,000 psi

check for aluminum
 ST=29xE6
 AL=10XE6

Calculation for required Moment of Inertia:

Max Defl. = span / 240 = 0.80 in <<<< used in deflection calc
 span / 175 = 1.10 in
 User Choice Max Deflect: 0.70 in

Dmax = $l / 175$
 Dmax = $l / 240 + 1/4"$
 if $l = 192.00$
 Dmax = 1.05

Tributary Area = length x width = 4,608 sq in
 Total Load (W) = q x Trib. Area = 800 lbs
 Uniform Load (w) = q x w = 4 lb / in

$$I = \frac{5 W L^3}{384 E \text{ deflection}}$$

Assuming: Uniform load across full span of

$$I \text{ required} = 10.53 \text{ in}^4$$

Mullion sizing:

exterior width = b = 2.50 in
 exterior depth = d = 6.50 in
 $I_{\text{ext}} = bd^3/12 = 57 \text{ in}^4$

flange wall thickness (b)= 0.125 in
 flange wall thickness (d)= 0.125 in
 interior width = b - 2.25 in
 interior depth = d - 6.25 in
 $I_{\text{int}} = 45.78 \text{ in}^4$

s1

$$I_{\text{tube}} = I_{\text{ext}} - I_{\text{int}} = 11.44 \text{ in}^4$$

check against req'd : 11.44 in⁴
 10.53 in⁴

GOOD

Check for Fiber Stress in Bending:

Calculation for Fiber Stress in bending:

$$\text{Moment, } M = \frac{W \times \text{length}}{8}$$

M = 19 kip-inch
 C = b/2 = 1.25 in
 S = I/C = in³
 Fb = M/S = ksi

OUTLINE SPECIFICATION – SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

1. Concept Description – *A unitized curtain wall façade enclosing a 7 story/84’ retail store in New York City (57th St and 5th Ave). The façade is made of angled units, which will use green tinted IGU panels in 4 different tones and aluminum panels with anodized and vibration finish painted in 4 different orange – brown – red color. The idea is to use different colors and angled façade to create a vibrant and 3-dimensional color palette painting of the elevation.*

2. General

- a. The Curtain Wall Sub-Contractor shall design, engineer, test, fabricate, deliver, install, and guarantee all construction necessary to provide for the for the complete airtight and watertight enclosure of the building.
- b. Design shall conform to all requirements of the Building Code of the *State of New York*
- c. Sub-contractor’s design shall conform to all of the following:
 - i. All applicable Codes and Standards
 - ii. The specified performance requirements
 - iii. The design intent shown on the architect’s contract documents
 - iv. Approval of the Architect

3. Work Included

Curtain wall consists of unitized extruded aluminum frames with.....(use language similar to the specs provided earlier; include a verbal description of type of system, e.g. unitized, as well as all materials, min. thicknesses of materials, finishes, etc.

- a. *1/8” and ¼” aluminum panel with vibration and anodization finish painted in 4 different orange – brown – red color*
- b. *1/8” rectangular unitized extruded stack joints and split mullions*
- c. *1/8” rectangular intermediate mullion*
- d. *Structural silicone IGU component*
- e. *Double pane IGU with low-e coating green tinted glass in 4 different tones*
- f. *LED strip lights for exhibition*

4. Performance Requirements

- a. Wind load: *± 19 psf* at field, *± 25 psf* at corners
- b. Inter-story drift due to wind: $H/400$
- c. Tolerance of Building Structure at perimeter: *± 1”* any direction
- d. Laboratory Mock-up Testing
 - i. Static air and water
 - ii. Dynamic water
 - iii. Structural performance
 - iv. Inter-story racking, in- and normal to plane, then repeat static air and water
- e. Thermal Performance
 - i. Overall Building Envelope (Walls & Skylights): U-value not less than $0.20 \text{ Btu} / \text{hr sf } ^\circ\text{F}$
 - ii. Vision Glass: U-value not less than: $0.20 \text{ Btu} / \text{hr sf } ^\circ\text{F}$
 - iii. Spandrel Glass/Area: not less than: $0.05 \text{ Btu} / \text{hr sf } ^\circ\text{F}$

OUTLINE SPECIFICATION – SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

5. Contractor's Engineer

All shop drawings and structural calculations shall be prepared and stamped by the curtain wall sub-contractor's Professional Engineer registered in the *State of New York*

6. Warranty

Sub-contractor shall warrant the work for a period of 5 years against any defects and shall provide pass through warranties for glass, sealants, paints, etc.